

BRYAN INDORSES BIG LOAN TO CHINA

Money to Be Expended by Republic in Improvements to Hwai River.

MOVE FAVORED BY RED CROSS

Action Will Mean Raising of Sum of \$20,000,000 by American Financiers.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
Washington, February 7.—Secretary Bryan, urged on by the American Red Cross, has given indorsement to loans of \$20,000,000 by American financiers to the Chinese republic to be expended in improvements to the Hwai River, China, and prevention of flood in the Hwai Valley.

The cooperation of the State Department in announcing this loan indicates a change by President Wilson in his foreign policy. The President announced last April this government would not underwrite foreign loans, and would not act as collector of interest on money loaned by bankers of this country to foreign governments.

By reason of this announcement the pending Chinese loan of \$125,000,000 was called off, and a smaller loan of \$2,000,000 to Nicaragua was blocked. Mr. Bryan is said to have urged on the President consent to this latter loan with approval by this government.

Charles D. Norton, formerly Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, is the active agent between this government and China in bringing about the Hwai loan. The Red Cross was moved to support the proposition through humanitarian reasons, the floods in the Hwai River Valley annually killing many Chinese and destroying much property. J. W. White & Co., a London and New York contracting firm, has agreed to take up the improvement work and the loan.

Under the terms of the "proposition" the Chinese government is to guarantee the loan and give as security the taxes and revenues from the lands which will be benefited in the "conservancy" area. The negotiations undertaken by the American Red Cross are on bonds of the government of China. The bonds are to bear 5 per cent interest.

"All government revenue now or hereafter derived from government loans in the defined conservancy area, also all revenues which may accrue to the government of China as a result of conservancy work, including special conservancy taxes to be levied by the Chinese government on all lands benefited by the conservancy work" are converted in the agreement relative to securities.

Miss Mabel Boardman, chairman of the relief board of the Red Cross, said it was the desire of the association to do some preventive work in the Hwai River Valley, and sent Charles D. Jamieson to make a technical engineering study of the country.

SMITHFIELD

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
Smithfield, Va., February 7.—W. C. Ames is visiting Mrs. Amelia Gray, in Petersburg.
Mrs. Gilbert, of Martinsburg, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. T. R. Dunaway.
Mrs. Mary Gwynn has returned from Seneca, N. C., where she was the guest of Mrs. D. G. Grubb.
Mrs. Margaret Hovick, of Winifred, W. Va., is spending some time with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Snyder, at The Rocks.
Mr. and Mrs. Willie Edwards, of Philadelphia, have returned home after visiting relatives here.
Mrs. J. W. Coffer has as her guest her sister, Miss Nettie Hunt, of Cape Charles, Va., and Mrs. D. M. Mead and little daughter, have returned from a visit to Norfolk.

A VETERAN DRUGGIST TELLS FACTS ABOUT PERUNA.



Mr. L. A. Richardson, Marine, Illinois, writes: "I have been engaged in the retail drug business here for the past forty years. During this time I have seen many patent medicines come into use, flourish for one or two years and then gradually disappear. There are very few of these remedies that possess enough real merit to insure them long life."

"Peruna has always been a good seller with us, with a marked increase from year to year. The change in the formula some years ago, by the addition of the slightly laxative properties, has made it a reliable remedy for constipation and for colds. If taken hourly in teaspoonful doses by adults it will break up the worst cold in two or three days' time. I take pleasure in urging my brother druggists to recommend it for these two ailments."

Mr. Richardson's credit rating in the Hayes Druggists' Directory is "A," which means high, the very best.

Those who object to liquid medicines can now procure Peruna Tablets.

WILL ISSUE SUMMONS TO SACRED COLLEGE

Pope Pius X. Will Call for Consistory for Creation of Additional Cardinals.

BY LA MARQUISE DE FONTENAY.
Pope Pius X. is preparing to issue his summons to the Sacred College, for a consistory, which will probably be held towards the end of April, that is to say, immediately after Easter.

The remarkable mortality in the senate of the church renders the early creation of additional cardinals imperative. There are no less than sixteen vacant red hats at present, which means that the number of the cardinals has been reduced to fifty-four. Of these, eight are octogenarians, and sixteen septuagenarians. Several of them are in such feeble health that they are debarred from any active part in the administration of the affairs of the papacy, and would be in all probability precluded from taking

their place in a consistory for the election of a new Pope. Another prince of the church, formerly papal delegate at Washington, has been reduced by nervous ailments to something akin to a mental wreck.

The welfare of the church, therefore, demands the reinforcement of the Sacred College, and the only thing that can possibly delay the consistory will be the state of Pius X.'s health, and whether he is sufficiently strong to undergo the fatigue of the ceremonies in connection therewith.

At the present moment the foreign members of the Sacred College number twenty-five, and the Italians only twenty-nine. It is consequently anticipated that only a small number of red hats will be bestowed upon foreign prelates, not more than five at the most, and that at least eight will be conferred upon Italians, so as to maintain more fully than at present the traditional numerical superiority

of the Italian element in the senate of the church.

It is already settled that two of the red hats are to be granted to German prelates, and two to archbishops of the dual empire, in response to an official request from Emperor Francis Joseph's government, one of its candidates being the Prince Archbishop of Vienna, Mgr. Ernest Rieger, and the other, Prince Adam Sapieha, Archbishop of Cracow, and whose elder brother, Prince John Sapieha, a chamberlain of the Emperor of Austria, is now spending the winter very quietly in New York, looking after some extensive American investments of his family. The remaining red hat available for foreign prelates is generally expected at Rome to go to Spain, in succession to the late Cardinal Vives y Tuto.

It is regarded as extremely improbable that any further red hats will be granted to the United States, which has already three representatives in the Sacred College, in the persons of the Archbishops of Baltimore, of New York and of Boston. Both Canada and Australia are likely to have their claims considered in this connection before another American promotion occurs.

Vice-Admiral Alexander Russin has been promoted by the Czar to the chieftaincy of the general staff of the Muscovite navy. He will be remembered by many in the United States as the naval delegate of the mission of Count Sergius Witte to that peace congress at Portsmouth, N. H., which brought to a conclusion the war between Japan and Russia, and took advantage of his stay in America to make an exhaustive study of the Naval Academy, at Annapolis.

It was largely on the strength of the report which he made about Annapolis to the Czar, that the latter selected him for the directorship in chief of the so-called Nicolai Sea Academy, which is the Russian counterpart of Annapolis, and where all the naval cadets of the imperial navy receive their training. He is credited with having introduced there many features and reforms, as the result of what he had seen in the United States, and as he remained there in control for near seven years, most of the younger generation of the officers of the Czar's navy, over whom he exercised an extraordinary influence, look to him as their mentor.

Russin is one of the ablest men in the service, and for two years prior to the war with Japan was naval attaché of the Muscovite legation at Tokyo. He is known to have sent from thence the most remarkable reports, calling the attention of his government to the wonderful development of Japan in naval matters, to the abilities of Admiral Togo, and to the manner in which the Japanese Navy Department was preparing for a war at sea. But his warnings were ignored at St. Petersburg, and his reports buried in the pigeon holes of the Department of the Navy at St. Petersburg, whence they were only extracted after the restoration of peace.

It speaks volumes for the disorganization which prevailed in maritime circles at St. Petersburg, in 1904, that at the outset of the war, Captain Russin, instead of being assigned to duty at Port Arthur, or on the Pacific coast, was relegated to the command of the torpedo boats on the Amur River, where he had little to occupy his time. Fortunately, General Kuropatkin, the generalissimo of the Muscovite army in Manchuria, had the good sense to summon him from the Amur to his headquarters, and to attach him to his personal staff for the remainder of the campaign.

Mlle. Marthe de MacMahon, whose impending marriage to Lieutenant Guy de Mithel, of the Fourth Dragoons of the French army, has just been announced from Paris, is a daughter of Emmanuel, younger son of that Marshal MacMahon who was second President of the present French republic. Emmanuel, known as Colonel de MacMahon, is in command of the 15th Regiment of Infantry, in garrison at Chalons, and has been married for the past twenty-three years to Marie Antoinette de Frommesment. His elder brother, Patrick, who inherited his father's dukedom of Magenta, is also a soldier, and, refraining from the use of his title, prefers to be known as Colonel de MacMahon, commanding the Thirty-fifth Regiment of Infantry, at Belfort. He is married to Princess Marguerite of Orleans, only surviving daughter of that Duc de Chartres who served on the staff of McClellan during the American War of the Union.

Guy de Mithel's father was one of the ablest generals of the French army, and so universally were his talents recognized that when some twenty-five years ago the government of the republic appointed him to the chieftaincy of the general staff of the army, not a word of criticism was heard, although he was known to belong to a family of pronounced monarchial leanings, and to be personally deeply attached to the formerly royal house of France.

Britons the world over regard the battle of Copenhagen, in 1801, as one of the greatest of their naval victories, one, indeed, for which their great naval hero, Admiral Nelson, was advanced from the rank of a baron, to that of a viscount, and they celebrate its anniversary. The latter, which falls on April 2, is, however, also observed by the Danes, that is to say, the adversaries of Nelson in the battle of Copenhagen, as a national victory of their own, with much popular rejoicing.

Called upon to arbitrate between the two, the most eminent naval writer and expert of the present time, namely, Admiral Mahan, of the United States Navy, accords the victory to the Danes. For, as Mahan pointed out in his "Life of Nelson," the Danish fire in the battle was so good and the position of the English, who had thirty-five ships to the Danish eighteen, became so critical that Nelson would have been defeated had he not resorted to stratagem. He sent a message on shore to the Danish Crown Prince to the effect that if the Danish firing continued, he, Nelson, would be obliged to set on fire all the floating batteries that he had captured during the battle, and of saving the brave Danes who had defended them. The crown prince, prompted by sentiments of humanity, suspended the firing, whereupon Nelson immediately took advantage thereof to withdraw his ships, and to escape under the fire of the forts.

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FORK UNION

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)
Fork Union, Va., February 7.—W. W. Tabbutt, of Buckingham County, returned after a visit to his daughter, Mrs. Glimmer Sneed.
The faculty of the Fork Union Military Academy, a student body and a gayer supper this evening.
A bazaar will be given here on the 16th in aid of the Soldiers' Home. The Rev. J. W. Garmarck, of the Religious Herald staff, preached here last Sunday.
Miss Helen Pettit entertained recently in honor of the younger set.
Frank Sneed and Paul Sneed are visiting in Florida.
Ralph B. Sneed and John Townes have returned after a visit to R. T. Daniel and wife, in Weldon, N. C.
Rev. Plummer Jones filed his regular report here on Sunday at the Presbyterian Church.

And Still the Good Work Goes On

Had Rheumatism and a Severe Stomach Trouble, but Read What He Says.

The only real way to learn whether or not Quaker Herb Extract and Oil of Balm are making all the local cures that are published is to visit Tragle's and listen to the reports of the people who have used the remedies and learn what Quaker Extract will do in your own case. Here is a report of a man living in this city who had rheumatism and stomach trouble for a long time. The pains were at times almost unbearable. When he rose in the morning he felt more tired and stiff than before retiring. He would have a nauseated feeling, and his appetite was miserable. Headaches were frequent and pains in his stomach, sides and back kept him in misery. His sleep was nearly all the time, and a business at times assailed him.

The various medicines used by him would seemingly have done some good, but they did not. He was almost

continually taking something or other, but experienced only a little occasional relief, and with some of them not even that. He was just about disgusted with medicines, and says he intended to stop taking anything for awhile and let nature have her own way, when his attention was called to the work of Quaker. He was very skeptical of even the results being shown; at first was inclined to pass the Quaker Remedies by. But after seeing so many reports made by those he knew he decided to give the remedies a fair trial. He called at Tragle's drug store and was told that his case was identical with many hundreds that had been cured by the use of Quaker, so he took home a treatment of them. What was the result? After just about two weeks' use he now says: "I have been cured by the use of Quaker, and had gotten disheartened by my failure to get the proper results. I began using Quaker Remedies, and can say

truthfully that I have received more relief from them in that short time than from all the other stuff combined. I feel better in every way; the pains are leaving my limbs, and have better rest, a good appetite, and am stronger than ever before in all my trouble. Quaker Herb Extract certainly deserves the support of any ailment as I was."

This is but one of the seven cases reported, and only serves to show what a really remarkable remedy it is in the city, and what grand work it does in cases of stomach, liver, kidney, blood and female troubles. If you have not already called at Tragle's drug store, 217 East Broad Street, you are surely missing an opportunity of being cured of your trouble. Quaker Herb Extract, \$1.00; Oil of Balm, 50 cents.—Advertisement.

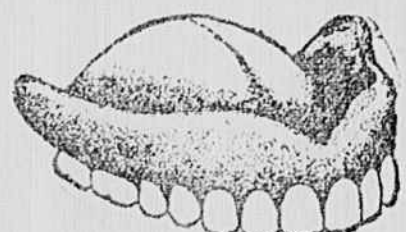
DR. DELLINGER

Specialists in Treatment of Pyorrhea

This disease causes bleeding and inflamed gums, also formation of pus and teeth become loose. Hundreds of cases I have cured with my treatment.

I Guarantee to Cure You.

Painless Dentistry



22-K. Gold Crowns \$5.00
Bridge Teeth \$5.00
Porcelain Crowns \$5.00
Gold Fillings \$1.00
Set Teeth \$5.00
Porcelain Fillings \$1.00
Silver Fillings 50c

The Painless Dentist

All Dental Work

Personally Attended to

The promise I am making to perform the most complicated dental work entirely without pain is worth finding out more about. Come in and let me prove it.

Pyorrhea Specialists

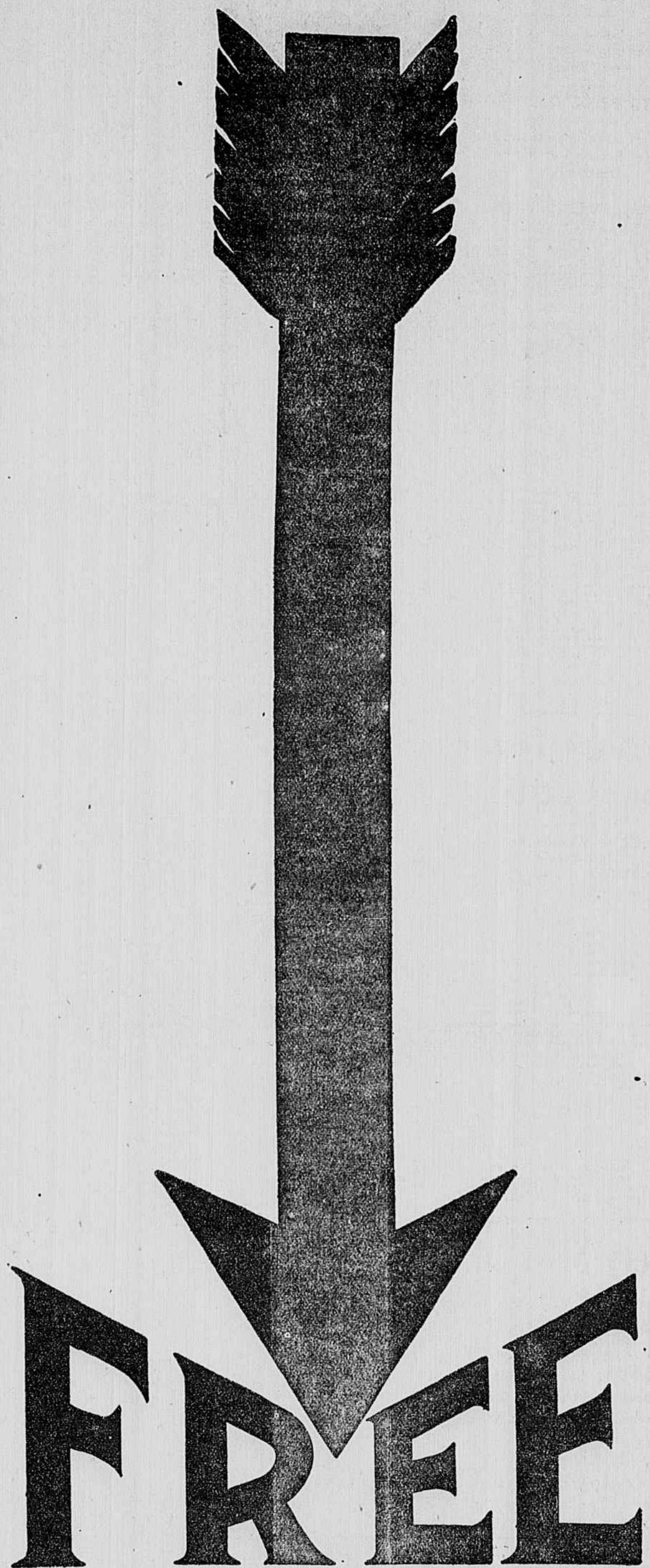
All Teeth Extracted Free, When Other Teeth Are Ordered

Let us explain to you our new and scientific method of replacing your old teeth with new ones ten minutes after the old ones have been extracted. Come in the morning and wear them home in the evening.

We keep open until 8 P. M. for the accommodation of those who cannot come during the day. Sunday hours, 10 to 3. Lady attendant.

609 EAST BROAD STREET.

OVER HANOVER SHOE STORE.



COUPON FOR

SWEETHEART SOAP

This Coupon and 5c will get you two cakes of SWEETHEART TOILET SOAP at any grocery store if you will sign your name here.

Name

Address

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RETAIL MERCHANTS—Your jobber will redeem all Sweetheart Coupons at 5c cash if each coupon is accompanied by the Diamond (S) from end of each box, as here shown.

Each Coupon must be filled out and signed.

WARNING TO DEALERS—No Coupon will be cashed unless the Sweetheart Soap has been delivered strictly in accordance with the terms specified above.

Manhattan Soap Company of New York

The Times-Dispatch, Sunday, February 8, 1914.

